

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH: SUNDAY, JUNE 26, 1898

NUMBER 111

## A TYRANT PRESIDENT

Pen Picture of the Ruler of San Domingo.

## ABLE AND AMBITIOUS

EXPECTS TO RULE THE GREATER ANTILLES.

He is a Mulatto of Polish and Culture and Condemns His Enemies to Death With Such Grace That the Poor Wretches Feel Flattered—Executed His Brother-in-law.

(Copyright, 1898, by the Associated Press.)

Cape Haytien, Hayti, June 12.—The remarkable audience President Heuresaux granted on his gumbot, the Restauration, in this harbor on Thursday last, deserves a special record. My cable dispatch of that day has already given a rather full idea of his statements regarding the recent attempted revolution in Santo Domingo; but that the interview may be properly appreciated, it will be necessary to give it descriptive setting.

I went out on the Restauration accompanied by the American consul, Dr. Livingston, one of the most intelligent colored men, by the way, who ever had an official mission to this country, and Mr. A. J. Redpar, who is in charge of the most successful foreign enterprise here, and who met Heuresaux some years ago in his own capital. We did not need to send our cards ahead of us, and were received on the quarterdeck by Heuresaux himself, the dreading tyrant president, clad in a modest naval uniform, of which a short blue jacket with small gold buttons and a white cap, with hardly any gold lace, were the conspicuous features. He greeted us with a scrutinizing air, and with a gesture of bonhomie, invited us to be seated.

The president is a mulatto of medium color, with rather regular features, showing the blending of the African type, a square-jawed brow, strong, resolute lips, though with a chin slightly receding; a broad, fleshy nose; fine, crinkly hair, tinged with gray, and a coarse and pronounced mustache, both cropped rather short. His eyes are light brown, and at first glance appear mild, almost benevolent. They look at you straight and continuously while he is talking to you. Under the eyes of most of his race in these latitudes, the whites are not injected with blood and bile, and the pupils at times express a contagious geniality that even the poor prisoner, expectant of death, recognizes. Heuresaux's manner, even in his most dangerous moments, is said, can be bland, caressing and patronizing, and they even have saying in Santo Domingo that many of the poor devils he sends to the tragic blank wall of the guillotine, feel almost flattered when he tells them personally he cannot afford to pardon them. It is no wonder his humor friends, as well as his enemies, have learned to study his smile more closely than his frown.

The president is about five feet eight inches in height, of athletic mold, though his right arm is still half disabled from the effects of two old wounds near the elbow, and of deliberate movements for the most part, as if all that he did in private life was calculated. Yet he is capable of great animation, volubility and vivacity even. He speaks his talk with satire and irony, and occasionally he will make at his own joke or epigram. It is impossible not to be impressed by the strong grasp of his mind and by the subtlety of his conversation.

All the time our conversation went on—it was something over an hour, first with myself, and, at intervals, with visitor after visitor, who came to pay his respects—there were three or four poor fellows down in the bowels of the ship, revolutionists taken with arms in their hands, who were waiting the word of this impetuous dictator to determine whether they should live or die.

The president spoke without reserve of the errors of the Haytien nation and denounced the unwisdom of their repellant attitude toward foreigners. He recognized the fact that the attitude of progress of his own country lay in the encouragement of foreign enterprises within its borders. Above all, he would be chary of provoking the ill-will of the United States of America. Some day, he declared, all of the greater Antilles would either belong to him or be under the protection of the American republic. There was but one possible course for Santo Domingo or for Hayti. That was to cultivate the best political and commercial relations with the United States.

On the subject of neutrality President Heuresaux was somewhat ambiguous. He was indisposed, he said, to offend either Spain or the United States. The enmity of the former might be as disastrous to his government as the latter. Still he allowed it to be understood that if it came to a choice, he must decide to stand with the Americans.

It was when the conversation turned to the late abortive revolution that Heuresaux, to the real opportunity to study the character of the mulatto dictator presented itself. To begin with, it was curious to observe the words and manner of certain of the Dominicans and prominent Haytiens who came aboard to pay homage to Heuresaux. Some of the former had been hand in glove with the conspirators. I know personally that this was the case. One in particular, a bosom friend of a relative of the president, who had intervened for him, appeared with a most exquisite bow and a careful smile, both learned in Paris, and addressed some honeyed phrases to the great man in a voice pitched high in an effort to hide its lack of assurance.

President Heuresaux seemed to recognize the futility of the ministrations of conspirators and had a prophetic vision of the fate he might meet out when this same boisterous middle-aged engaged in a revolutionary undertaking. It certainly would matter very little to Heuresaux who of his own family intervened with him in favor of one of his enemies. His conduct towards his own brother-in-law is still vividly remembered. He took the man to live with him in the presidential palace at Santo Domingo, clothed and fed him and gave him official discharges. Twice the beneficiary conspired against the benefactor. The first time he was forgiven. The second time, Heuresaux called him to him and said:

"I have tried to make a gentleman of you. Now I want you to put on your full dress costume. In one hour you will be shot. There is no use for you to say anything. It must be. Only I particularly request that you behave like a gentleman."

And the brother-in-law was shot dead at the hour and minute.

The prominent Haytiens who visited the president all hold offices, are re-

## GEN. GRANT'S BATTLE PROBLEM

ANOTHER SHAM BATTLE AT CHICKAMAUGA.

The General Also Issues an Order Concerning the Wearing of Suspenders and Buttoning of Blouses.

## PROMOTIONS IN SIXTEENTH

COWLES, NEWTON AND DUNNING ARE CAPTAINS.

Sorley and Guyer Become First Lieutenants—Lieutenants Black and Jenks Promoted.

Washington, June 25.—The president today sent these nominations to the senate:

Volunteer Infantry: Second Regiment.—Second Lieutenant Hayden Y. Grubbs, Eighteenth Infantry, to be lieutenant colonel; Hugh M. Swain and Mark A. Reimann, Louisiana, to be majors; Paul J. Christian of Louisiana, to be first lieutenant.

Third Regiment.—William H. Cobb of Florida, to be captain; Eddy B. Stevens of Georgia, to be second lieutenant.

Fourth Regiment.—Elbert S. Moloney of the District of Columbia, to be second lieutenant.

Seventh Regiment.—John C. Hall of Iowa, to be captain; Thomas R. Roemer, Adolph J. J. Dobbs and James J. Mayes of Missouri, to be captains.

Eighth Regiment.—William W. Purcell, District of Columbia, and Joseph L. Bell, Illinois, assistant surgeons, with rank of first lieutenant.

Ninth Regiment.—George N. Nelson and Sheldon L. Johnson of Louisiana and John T. Beckham, sergeant company F, Twenty-fourth Infantry, to be first lieutenants; Harry C. Franklin, Edward H. Phillips and John C. Allen of Louisiana, second lieutenants.

Tenth Regiment.—William Wharton of Virginia, to be captain.

Volunteer Engineers: First Regiment.—First Lieutenant A. R. Livingston, first volunteer engineers, to be captain; Harry de Lane and Wolcott L. C. Beard of New York, to be second lieutenants.

Second Regiment.—Howard A. Spriggett of New York, to be captain; Josiah W. Howe and Redman V. Beach of Connecticut, to be second lieutenants.

Volunteer Infantry: Tenth Regiment.—J. C. McClure of South Carolina, to be second lieutenant; nomination of J. S. McClure for above withdrawn.

## ARMY PROMOTIONS.

Promotions in regular army: Infantry.

First lieutenants to be captains: Edgar W. Howe, Seventh Infantry; William Black, Twenty-fourth Infantry; John C. Newton, Sixteenth Infantry; E. P. Ayres, Twenty-fourth Infantry; S. W. Dunning, Sixteenth Infantry; J. M. T. Partello, Fifth Infantry; W. E. P. French, Third Infantry; L. H. Streethor, First Infantry; P. S. Sorley, Third Infantry; C. M. Truett, Twenty-first Infantry; G. Bell, Jr., Third Infantry; C. J. T. Clarke, Tenth Infantry.

Second lieutenants to be first lieutenants: J. J. Bradley, Fourteenth Infantry; D. Settle, Fifteenth Infantry; J. S. Settle, Fourteenth Infantry; H. O. Williams, Eleventh Infantry; G. D. Guyer, Sixteenth Infantry; W. F. Crote, Eighteenth Infantry; W. H. Hickman, Twentieth Infantry; H. N. Boyden, Twenty-third Infantry; I. C. Jenks, Twenty-fourth Infantry; A. E. Ely, Drexel, Twenty-fourth Infantry; L. S. Sorley, Sixteenth Infantry; W. J. Morrow, Twenty-first Infantry; H. F. Hardaway, Seventeenth Infantry; J. E. Bray, Jr., Twenty-fourth Infantry.

Cavalry: to be captain: First Lieutenant, F. S. Feltz, First Cavalry. First lieutenant: Second Lieutenant Elmer Lindsey, Fourth Cavalry. Second Lieutenant Malin C. Craig, transferred from infantry to cavalry.

## TRAIN ROBBERS CAUGHT.

Bloodhounds Tracked the Men Who Killed an Engineer.

St. Louis, June 25.—A special to the Post-Dispatch from Whitehall, Ills., says: Frank Alsworth and Bill Jackson, of Roadhouse, are the men who held in the fast express of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy road, about a mile north of the depot here last night, and killed Engineer Fred Dempsey. A sheriff's posse was immediately organized and bloodhounds belonging to P. Brannell of this place let loose. The dogs have trailed and captured many criminals in this part of the country.

They soon tracked Jackson to Roadhouse, where he was arrested. Jackson told the whole story of the hold-up, and Alsworth was arrested a few hours later.

The train pulled out of the station about seven minutes late, and when it came to the Chicago & Alton crossing it was boarded by Alsworth, with a gun in his hand. He used the usual tactics, crawling over the tender and calling on the engineer to throw up his hands. Dempsey evidently did not understand. He reversed his engine and threw on the air brakes. Alsworth, then, began firing, and Dempsey was shot in the body, falling to the floor of his cab. The fireman escaped through the front window. A general alarm was spread on the train and the desperado fled. They wore white masks and, as the one who killed Dempsey left the train, he fired his gun in the air and yelled, "Come on, Bill."

The night express is supposed to carry a local and through safe, and the plan evidently was to cut off the express car and run ahead with it.

The coroner's inquest was held in the city hall here today over the body of the dead engineer. A great crowd was in attendance and excitement was high. Prominent officials of the Burlington road are here in attendance upon the proceedings and no effort will be spared by the people to bring the desperadoes to justice.

## ENGLISH INTERESTS PROTECTED.

Will Lose Nothing Through a Bombardment of Honolulu.

San Francisco, June 25.—A Honolulu special to the Chronicle says: From a source high in the foreign office it is learned that the republic of Hawaii has assured the British consul general that in case the action of the Hawaiian government in offering herself as an ally to the United States should result in the bombardment of Honolulu, any damage done to English property or interests would be paid by this government. It is also reported that the German consul general, learning of the matter, demands the same guarantee for German merchants. The Hawaiian government has not as yet replied.

## WOMAN IN BLACK SENTENCED.

Norristown, Pa., June 25.—Lizzie de Kalb, the notorious woman in black, today pleaded guilty to the charge of being accessory after the fact in connection with the murder of Mrs. Emma P. Kalsey, and was sentenced to two years in jail by Judge Weand.

## JACK DALTON'S NARROW ESCAPE.

Juneau, June 26, via Seattle, Wash., June 25.—On Friday last an Indian, belonging to a Chilkat band of Sticks, fired two shots from ambush at Jack Dalton, the noted Alaska explorer and trail-breaker, narrowly missing his life. All the circumstances of the shooting show it to have been a carefully planned attempt to assassinate the man whom the Indians hold responsible for the influx of whites into their country.

## TROOPS WILL EMBARK MONDAY

THIRD PHILIPPINE EXPEDITION ABOUT READY.

This Will Make 12,000 Troops Sent to Manila—Preparing Vessels for the Fourth Expedition.

San Francisco, June 25.—The commanders of the organizations who are to go with the third expedition to the Philippines have not received final orders to embark, but they all expect to break camp early Monday morning. The work of sending stores to the transports still goes on, but the troops will be ready to start when the order comes.

Today the commanders of the organizations assigned to the fleet were summoned to the headquarters of Brigadier General MacArthur, where they received instructions regarding the departure of the troops. After the conference General MacArthur stated that he expected the troops would board the transports Monday, but he thought the fleet would not get away before Tuesday, as it would take a full day to get the troops aboard the vessels and have everything in shape for departure.

The finishing touches are being done on the work of preparing the transports. The vessels, with the exception of the Valencia, all the vessels will be ready to receive troops on Monday. The City of Para, Morgan City, Ohio and the City of Para, Morgan City, Ohio will leave here on Tuesday, and that the Newport and Valencia will sail on Wednesday and overtake the other ships before they reach Honolulu.

The City of Para is the only vessel in port so far chartered for the fourth fleet. She is being fitted up in a leisurely manner. The Valencia, which arrived yesterday from China, was inspected today and there is no doubt that she will be taken by the government. The Albatross is due next Wednesday from Australia, and the City of Panama, from Central America, is timed to arrive the same day, while the Anapulo will reach here from Panama Friday.

Recruits arrived today. Over 100 came from Colorado, 25 from Oregon, 14 from Nebraska and 45 from Washington in charge of Corporal Ross. Fully 5000 came from Mexico. The Red Cross supplied the men with a breakfast of coffee, sandwiches, cake, etc.

Brigadier General MacArthur has formally assumed command of the third expedition.

With the departure of this expedition, the last of the troops from San Francisco nearly 12,000 troops, leaving about 8,000 to go.

## CANE'S CAVALRY CAMP.

The above is a view of the Utah cavalry camp, looking southwest towards Golden Gate park in the extreme background.

The quarters are in the northwest corner of Camp Merritt, with a street and cable car line on the west, and lodging houses and flats on the north. The deserted Utah artillery camp is two blocks east and between the two is the Wyoming square. Just across the street south of Captain Caine's troopers lives the California Seventh regiment, where is the hospital that cures the cavalrymen's sore throats. General Merritt's headquarters are three blocks south. The Presidio is about a mile north.

## TRAINING UTAH CAVALRY HORSES.

(From Photos For The Herald.)

Sergeant Stan Price, Preparing to Have His Charger, Sam, Lie Down.

"DOWN."

ONE MORE CUBAN CABLE TO CUT

DESPERATE EFFORTS TO SEVER THE LAST LINK.

No Easy Matter to Find It at a Depth of a Mile, and Difficult to Raise It.

Washington, June 25.—The island of Cuba, to the best knowledge of the officials here is still connected with the outside world with only one cable save those crossing to Key West, and the war department, through General Greely, is not relaxing its efforts to cut that last link.

The cable, which is owned by the Cuban Telephone Company, and is known as the "Cable of the Kings," is a line of steel cables, each of which is about one and one-half inches in diameter, and is made of steel wire. It is a line of steel cables, each of which is about one and one-half inches in diameter, and is made of steel wire.

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## SPANISH JOURNALISM.

Santiago Newspapers Have Not Heard of the Campaign.

(Copyright, 1898, by the Associated Press.)

Off Juraguá, Cuba, June 23, By Associated Press Dispatch Boat, Filed at Port Antonio, Jamaica, June 24.—A copy of a newspaper, published in Santiago de Cuba, called La Banderola Española (The Spanish Flag), on June 15, contained in its local columns not a single reference to the blockade, or to the war, but it calmly discussed plans for placing electric lights on the plaza, church fairs and other matters of town gossip and alleged cable news from Madrid, reporting the sailing of the big Spanish ships for Havana and the capture of the insurgent chief Hernandez; also "absolutely reliable news from Washington," saying that yellow fever has broken out in the blocking fleet, and that 49 deaths have also occurred.

The only real information contained in the paper was a dispatch from Havana, saying that General Armas had seized all the food in the markets there and would sell it to inhabitants at reasonable prices, to prevent the squeezing of the population.

Woman in Black Sentenced.

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Third Philippine Expedition About Ready.

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